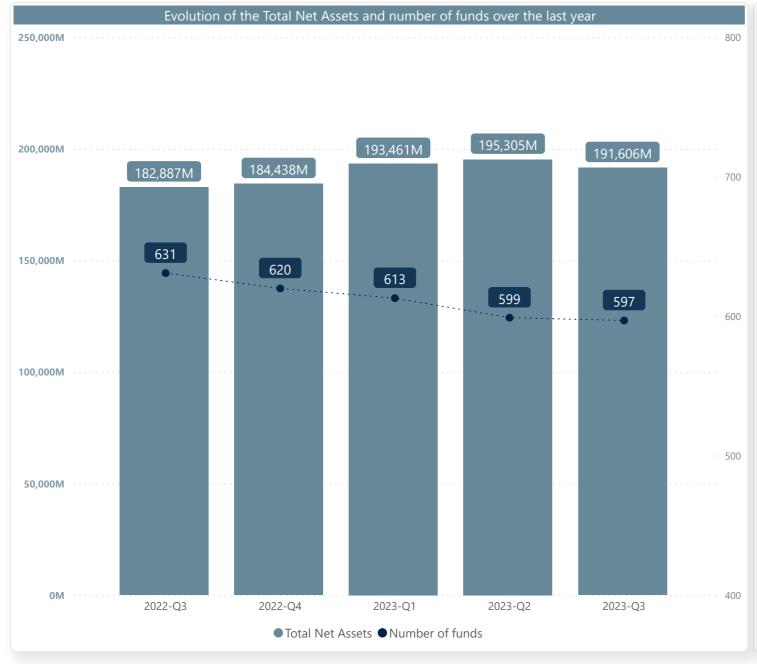


Q3 2023

December 2023

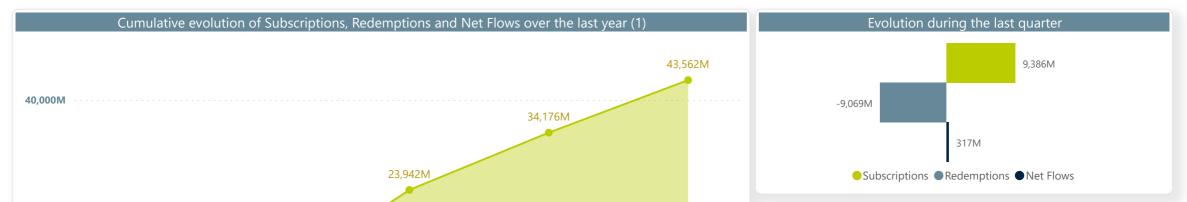
1. Total Net Assets: Overview



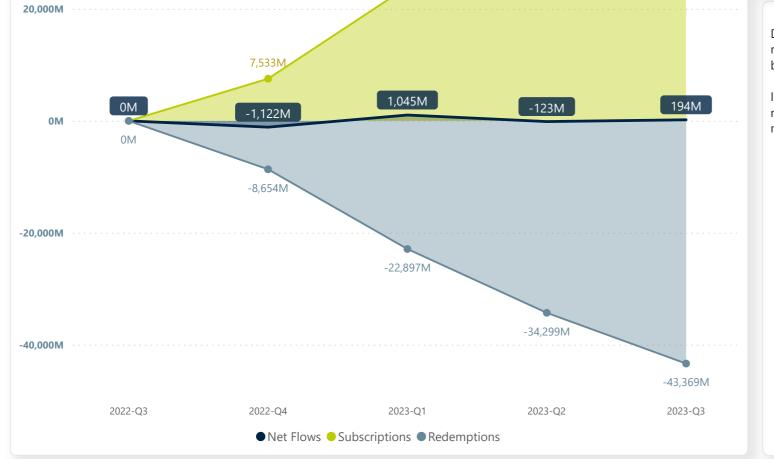
At the end of 2022, the total net assets of the Belgian public open-ended fund industry reached EUR 184.4 billion. After an increase by 5.9% during the first two quarters of 2023, net assets decreased by 1.9% during the third quarter, reaching a total of EUR 191.6 billion at the end of September.

In the third quarter of 2023, the number of funds that are currently active further declined to 597 funds, compared to 631 one year earlier. This is a decrease of 5.4%. The decline in the number of funds is a long-term trend.

2. Net Flows: Overview



FSMA



During the past twelve months, net flows (subscriptions minus redemptions) into the sector of Belgian public open-ended funds have been largely muted and amounted to EUR 194 million in total.

In those twelve months, quarters alternated between net inflows and net outflows. During the third quarter of 2023, net inflows of EUR 317 million were observed.

Evolution of Total Net Assets by Investment Policy over the last year Total Net Assets end of last quarter 250,000M 8% 2% Mixed Funds 12% Equity Funds 42% Pension Savings Funds 200,000M Bond Funds 2,975M 3,109M 2,888M Structured Funds 2,598M 2,817M 23,667M 23,354M Money Market Funds 22,900M 21,963M 20,767M 36% 3<mark>,15</mark>0M 2,080M 8,629M 150,000M As of September 2023, mixed funds, pension savings funds and equity 81,572M 79,869M 80,481M funds represented about 90% of the total net assets of the sector, an increase compared to one year earlier (87%). 77,850M 77,484M During the third quarter of 2023, net assets of mixed funds, equity funds 100,000M and pension funds decreased. It is the first quarterly decrease in net assets for these types since the third quarter of 2022. Since the first quarter of 2023, net assets of bond funds have started to increase, a trend that has continued during the second and the third quarter. These movements are mainly driven by positive inflows into bond funds. 50,000M 69,177M 68.634M 69,859M 62,929M 61,140M The relative importance of money market funds continued to decrease during the third quarter of 2023, as the amount of redemptions exceeded the amount of subscriptions. 13,983M 14,585M 13,289M 11,927M 11,533M **0M** 2022-Q3 2022-Q4 2023-Q1 2023-Q2 2023-Q3 Note: Funds with another investment policy are filtered out from this analysis. ●Bond Funds ●Equity Funds ●Mixed Funds ●Money Market Funds ●Pension Savings Funds ● Structured Funds

3. Total Net Assets: Detail by Investment Policy

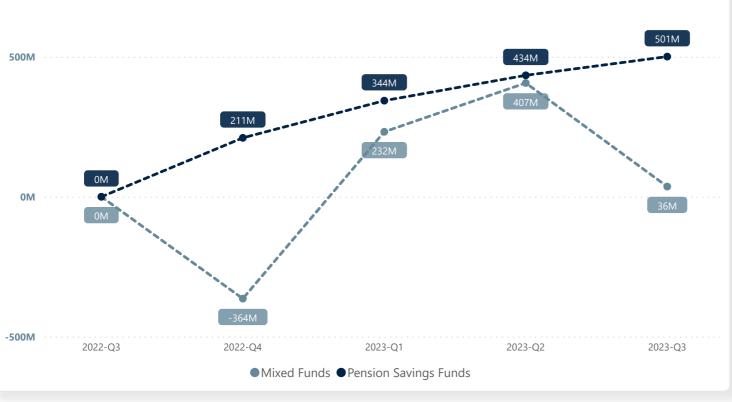
4. Net Flows: Detail by Investment Policy

Cumulative evolution of Net Flows in mixed and pension savings funds over the last year (1)	Net Flows during the last quarter
1,500M	-370M 67M
1,000M	● Mixed Funds ● Pension Savings Funds

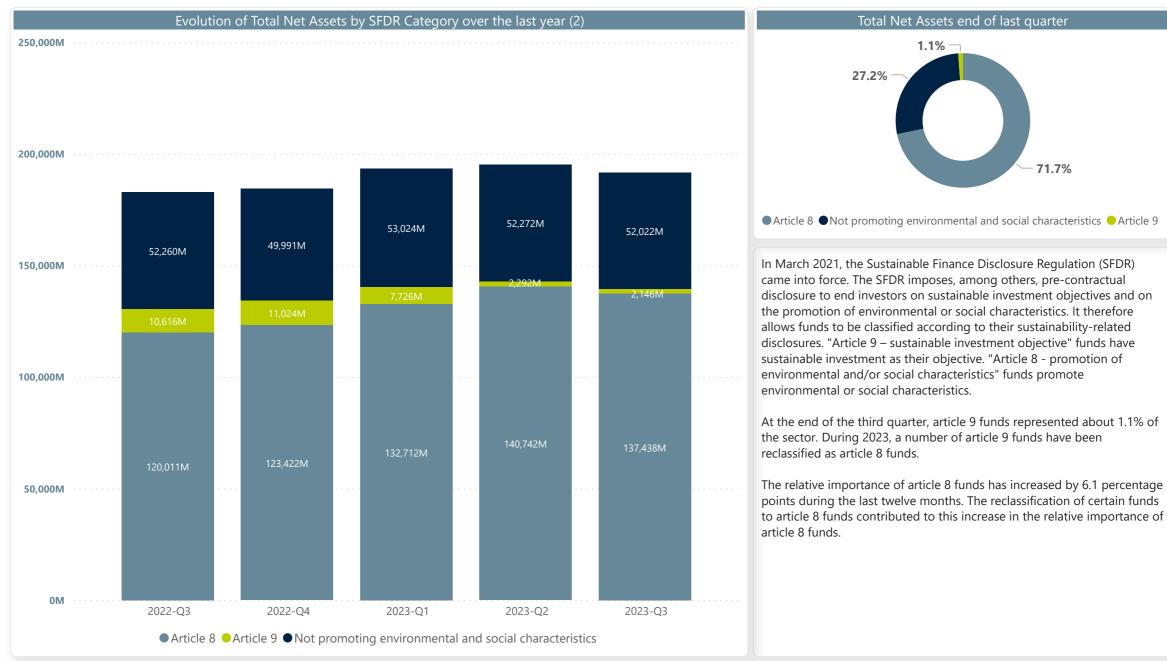
FSMA

Pension savings funds, which have the most widespread investor base across Belgian retail investors, have witnessed consistent net inflows during the last year, amounting to EUR 501 million in total. Net subscriptions in the third quarter of 2023 amounted to EUR 67 million.

For mixed funds, of which the vast majority are held by retail investors, net subscriptions were observed during the first and second quarter of 2023, following a quarter of net redemptions. This trend reversed in the third quarter of 2023, when net outflows amounted to EUR 370 million. Over a twelve-month period, the result is an aggregate net inflow amounting to EUR 36 million.



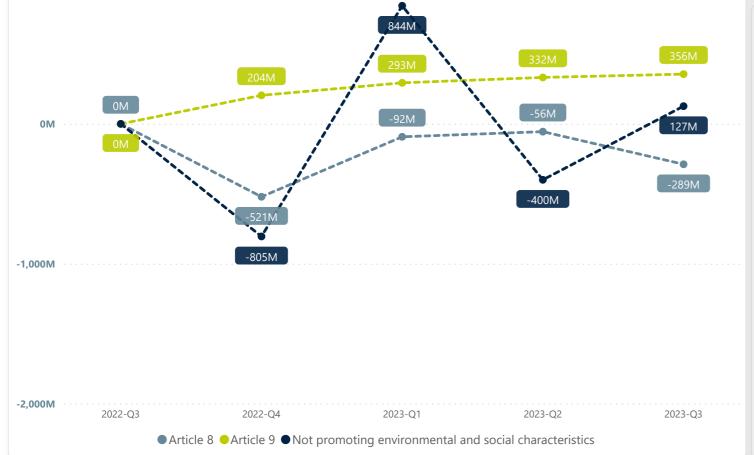
5. Total Net Assets: Detail by SFDR Category



6. Net Flows: Detail by SFDR Category

Cumulative evolution of Net Flows by SFDR Category over the last year (1)(2)	Net Flows during the last quarter
2,000M	-233M
	24M
1.000M	Article 8 Article 9 Not promoting environmental and social characteristics

FSMA



Article 9 funds, which have sustainable investment as their objective, have faced positive net inflows during the last twelve months (EUR 356 million).

In comparison, article 8 funds, which promote environmental or social characteristics, have seen net outflows amounting to EUR 289 million during the last twelve months. These funds experienced net outflows of EUR 233 million during the third quarter of 2023.

Funds that neither have sustainable investment as their objective nor promote environmental or social characteristics have seen net inflows amounting to EUR 127 million during the last twelve months.

General

FSMA

Funds are identified at compartment level and therefore "fund" refers to a compartment of a collective investment scheme for those collective investment schemes with compartments and to the collective investment scheme itself when the collective investment scheme does not have compartments.

Statistics are presented for all funds for which the relevant data have been reported to the FSMA. The relevant data should be reported to the FSMA for all active funds. Active funds are funds for which the initial subscription period has been closed and have assets under management and which have not entered into a liquidation or merger process.

The relevant data reported to the FSMA are the total net assets of a fund, the amount of subscriptions and the amount of redemptions, all in base currency of the fund. Net flows into or out of a fund, also called net inflows or net outflows, are calculated as subscriptions minus redemptions.

The FSMA continues to work with investment funds, their management companies and the entities responsible for the fund administration to identify and correct filling errors. Further, the FSMA has employed certain assumptions in aggregating the data. Future adjustments to the methodology and amended fillings that change the underlying data could lead to changes in previously reported statistics.

All statistics are shown in million EUR (M). Data that have not been reported in EUR are converted to EUR based on the ECB reference rate. Statistics are shown on a quarterly frequency and net assets are calculated at the following dates: 30/09/22, 31/12/22, 31/03/23, 30/06/23 and 30/09/23.

All statistics are show on an aggregated basis, either for the entire sector of the Belgian publicly offered open-ended investment funds, or for specific categories of funds. There is no correction for net assets, subscriptions and redemptions of funds investing in other funds included in the sector.

The FSMA has classified funds into different categories based on their prospectus. The classification is based on their stated investment policy as of the last reporting day of the last quarter of the reporting period and their sustainability-related disclosures according to Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation or SFDR) as of the last reporting day of each quarter of the last year.

(1): In contrast to previous versions of this dashboard (until 2022 Q1), subscriptions and net flows do not include subscriptions linked to mergers of Belgian funds.
(2): In contrast to previous versions of this dashboard (until 2022 Q1), the method to classify funds according to SFDR fund types has been updated to correctly reflect the impact of funds converting from one category to another. This has an impact on the distribution of net assets and net flows classified according to SFDR fund types for previous quarters.

Investment Policy Classification

Funds are classified into different categories based on the stated investment policy from their prospectus. Money market funds (MMFs) invest in short-term assets and have distinct or cumulative objectives offering returns in line with money market rates or preserving the value of the investment. They are authorised as MMF pursuant to article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on money market funds (MMF Regulation). Pension savings funds are funds that have to comply with the relevant investment restrictions from the Belgian fiscal legislation for pension savings funds. Bond funds are funds with the objective to invest principally in fixed income instruments and which are not authorised as MMFs. Equity funds are funds with the objective to invest principally in equity instruments. Mixed funds are funds with the objective to invest in a combination of equity instruments, fixed income instruments and/or cash instruments and which are not registered as a pension savings fund. Structured funds are funds which aim to provide investors, at certain predetermined dates, with algorithm-based payoffs that are linked to the performance, or to the realisation of price changes or other conditions, of financial assets, indices or reference portfolios or funds with similar features. Funds which cannot be classified into one of the previously mentioned categories are classified in a residual category. Funds of funds, which are funds with the objective to invest a substantial proportion of their asset in units of other funds, which are funds, which are funds with the objective to an exposure. Feeder funds, which are funds which invest at least 85% of their assets in units of their master fund, are classified according to the investment policy of their master fund.

)	Bond Funds Equity Funds	Money Market Funds	Pension Savings Funds
	Mixed Funds	Structured Funds	

SFDR Classification

Funds are classified into different categories based on their sustainability-related disclosures according to the SFDR. The SFDR imposes, among others, pre-contractual disclosure to end investors on sustainable investment objectives and on the promotion of environmental or social characteristics. In this dashboard funds are classified into one of three categories. The first category of funds, article 9 funds, have sustainable investment as their objective. These funds comply with article 9 of the SFDR. The second category of funds, article 8 funds, promote, among other characteristics, environmental or social characteristics, or a combination of those characteristics, provided that the companies in which the investments are made follow good governance practices. These funds comply with article 8 of the SFDR. The remaining funds do not comply with article 8 or 9 of the SFDR and do not have sustainable investment objectives, nor do they promote environmental or social characteristics.

Article 8	Article 9	Not promoting environmental and social characteristics
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